

SANITATION FOR ALL



THE DRIVE TO 2015

SUSTAINABLE SANITATION: THE FIVE YEAR DRIVE TO 2015

sanitationdrive2015.org

Sanitation brings dignity, equality and safety

1.2 billion people around the world practice open defecation. They go to the toilet behind bushes, in fields, plastic bags, ditches or along railway tracks and for them sanitation is all about dignity, equity and safety – and ultimately Human Rights.

Women and girls

Having a toilet is important for every one as it saves time and money, reduces the risk of disease and improves the environment. It also saves time and money for women and girls who have to travel long distances to use public toilets or open defecation sites.

Women and girls don't need toilets at all. They also need privacy and dignity when using a toilet. They need to be able to use a toilet safely and without any risk of disease or infection. They also need to be able to use a toilet without any risk of harassment or violence.

Women and girls need to have access to private sanitation facilities that are safe and secure. They also need to have access to public sanitation facilities that are safe and secure. They also need to have access to sanitation facilities that are affordable and accessible.

Disabled, elderly and sick

Most of the poorest and most vulnerable people in the world are disabled, elderly and sick. They need access to sanitation facilities that are safe and secure. They also need to have access to public sanitation facilities that are safe and secure. They also need to have access to sanitation facilities that are affordable and accessible.

Additional sanitation facilities are also a very important investment in the health and well-being of the community. They also need to have access to public sanitation facilities that are safe and secure. They also need to have access to sanitation facilities that are affordable and accessible.

Poverty or The Poor?

Sanitation is one of the most important basic services that every person should have access to. It is a basic human right. It is also a key to improving the health and well-being of the community. It is also a key to improving the environment. It is also a key to improving the economy. It is also a key to improving the quality of life.





SUSTAINABLE SANITATION: THE FIVE YEAR DRIVE TO 2015

Sanitation is a basic human right. It is a key to sustainable development and a key to the health and well-being of all people. In 2015, the world will have to meet the challenge of providing adequate sanitation for all. The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) have set a target to 'achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable sanitation for all by 2030'. This is a challenge that requires a concerted effort from all stakeholders.

Significant inequalities – between and within countries

The WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme on Water Supply and Sanitation (JMP) publishes biennial estimates of global access to water supply and sanitation services. The latest report, in 2010, indicated that 2.6 billion people worldwide do not use improved sanitation. It also reported marked disparities between regions and countries in the world. Notably, people in sub-Saharan Africa and South Asia have particularly poor access to sanitation. The percentage of people with improved sanitation is just 36% in South Asia and 31% in sub-Saharan Africa, compared with an average across all developing countries of 52%.

Differences within countries

There are important disparities within countries.

Between rural and urban areas, seven out of ten people live in rural areas.

Between rich and poor, there are large disparities. In India, for example, the percentage of people with improved sanitation is 65% in the rich states and 35% in the poor states.

Between ethnic groups, there are also disparities. In India, for example, the percentage of people with improved sanitation is 65% in the rich states and 35% in the poor states.

Lack of access to sanitation – both a cause and effect of inequity

Lack of access to sanitation is a major cause of inequity. It is a key to sustainable development and a key to the health and well-being of all people. In 2015, the world will have to meet the challenge of providing adequate sanitation for all. The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) have set a target to 'achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable sanitation for all by 2030'. This is a challenge that requires a concerted effort from all stakeholders.

Sanitation - privacy and dignity

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Localities that have access to improved sanitation are motivated by a strong sense of responsibility to improve their own sanitation. Sustainable sanitation: the five year drive to 2015 is a global effort to achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable sanitation for all by 2015. This is a challenge that requires a concerted effort from all stakeholders.

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